



Regulatory Program

INTERIM APPROVED JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION FORM U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

This form should be completed by following the instructions provided in the Interim Approved Jurisdictional Determination Form User Manual.

SECTION I: BACKGROUND INFORMATION

A. COMPLETION DATE FOR APPROVED JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (AJD): 03 May 2019

B. ORM NUMBER IN APPROPRIATE FORMAT (e.g., HQ-2015-00001-SMJ): POH-2018-00199

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Sta Ce Ma juri	PROJECT LOCATION AND BACKGROUND INFORMATION: ate:Hawaii County/parish/borough: Oahu City: Waialua enter coordinates of site (lat/long in degree decimal format): Lat. 21.574426, Long158.125818. ap(s)/diagram(s) of review area (including map identifying single point of entry (SPOE) watershed and/or potential isdictional areas where applicable) is/are: ⊠attached ☐ in report/map titled Other sites (e.g., offsite mitigation sites, disposal sites, etc.) are associated with this action and are recorded on a ferent jurisdictional determination (JD) form. List JD form ID numbers (e.g., HQ-2015-00001-SMJ-1):
	REVIEW PERFORMED FOR SITE EVALUATION: Office (Desk) Determination Only. Date: 03 May 2019. Office (Desk) and Field Determination. Office/Desk Dates: Field Date(s):
Ch	eck all that were used to aid in the determination and attach data/maps to this AJD form and/or references/citations the administrative record, as appropriate. Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant/consultant. Title/Date: Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant/consultant. Data sheets/delineation report are sufficient for purposes of AJD form. Title/Date: Data sheets/delineation report are not sufficient for purposes of AJD form. Summarize rationale and include information on revised data sheets/delineation report that this AJD form has relied upon:
	USDA NRCS Soil Survey. Citation: SSURGO soil data layer for GoogleEarth Pro, NRCS Web Soil Survey. USFWS National Wetlands Inventory maps. Citation: NWI data layer for Google Earth Pro. State/Local wetland inventory maps. Citation: FEMA/FIRM maps. Citation:
Oth	Photographs: Aerial. Citation: Google Earth data layers - 2002, 2003, 2004, 2006, 2007, 2013, 2014. or her. Citation: provided in an email dated 3 October 2018. LiDAR data/maps. Citation: Previous JDs. File no. and date of JD letter: Applicable/supporting case law: Applicable/supporting scientific literature: Other information (please specify):

Page 1 of 7 Version: October 1, 2015

SECTION III: SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

Complete ORM "Aquatic Resource Upload Sheet" or Export and Print the Aquatic Resource Water Droplet Screen from ORM for All Waters and Features, Regardless of Jurisdictional Status – Required

	RIVERS AND HARBORS ACT (RHA) SECTION 10 DETERMINATION OF JURISDICTION: 'navigable waters of the U.S." within RHA jurisdiction (as defined by 33 CFR part 329) in the review area.
10 r	• Complete Table 1 - Required TE: If the navigable water is not subject to the ebb and flow of the tide or included on the District's list of Section navigable waters list, DO NOT USE THIS FORM TO MAKE THE DETERMINATION. The District must continue to but the procedure outlined in 33 CFR part 329.14 to make a Section 10 RHA navigability determination.
CW	CLEAN WATER ACT (CWA) SECTION 404 DETERMINATION OF JURISDICTION: "waters of the U.S." within [A jurisdiction (as defined by 33 CFR part 328.3) in the review area. Check all that apply. (a)(1): All waters which are currently used, were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide. (Traditional Navigable Waters (TNWs))
	• Complete Table 1 - Required ☐ This AJD includes a case-specific (a)(1) TNW (Section 404 navigable-in-fact) determination on a water that has not previously been designated as such. Documentation required for this case-specific (a)(1) TNW determination is attached. (a)(2): All interstate waters, including interstate wetlands.
_	Complete Table 2 - Required (a)(3): The territorial seas.
	Complete Table 3 - Required
	(a)(4): All impoundments of waters otherwise identified as waters of the U.S. under 33 CFR part 328.3. • Complete Table 4 - Required
	(a)(5): All tributaries, as defined in 33 CFR part 328.3, of waters identified in paragraphs (a)(1)-(a)(3) of 33 CFR part 328.3.
	 Complete Table 5 - Required (a)(6): All waters adjacent to a water identified in paragraphs (a)(1)-(a)(5) of 33 CFR part 328.3, including wetlands, ponds, lakes, oxbows, impoundments, and similar waters. Complete Table 6 - Required
	Bordering/Contiguous.
	Neighboring: (c)(2)(i): All waters located within 100 feet of the ordinary high water mark (OHWM) of a water identified in paragraphs (a)(1)-(a)(5) of 33 CFR part 328.3.
	(c)(2)(ii): All waters located within the 100-year floodplain of a water identified in paragraphs (a)(1)-(a)(5) of 33 CFR part 328.3 and not more than 1,500 feet of the OHWM of such water.
	(c)(2)(iii): All waters located within 1,500 feet of the high tide line of a water identified in paragraphs (a)(1) or (a)(3) of 33 CFR part 328.3, and all waters within 1,500 feet of the OHWM of the Great Lakes.
	(a)(7): All waters identified in 33 CFR 328.3(a)(7)(i)-(v) where they are determined, on a case-specific basis, to have a significant nexus to a water identified in paragraphs (a)(1)-(a)(3) of 33 CFR part 328.3.
	 Complete Table 7 for the significant nexus determination. Attach a map delineating the SPOE
	watershed boundary with (a)(7) waters identified in the similarly situated analysis Required Includes water(s) that are geographically and physically adjacent per (a)(6), but are being used for established, normal farming, silviculture, and ranching activities (33 USC Section 1344(f)(1)) and therefore are not adjacent and require a case-specific significant nexus determination.
	(a)(8): All waters located within the 100-year floodplain of a water identified in paragraphs (a)(1)-(a)(3) of 33 CFR part 328.3 not covered by (c)(2)(ii) above and all waters located within 4,000 feet of the high tide line or OHWM of a water identified in paragraphs (a)(1)-(a)(5) of 33 CFR part 328.3 where they are determined on a case-specific basis to have a significant nexus to a water identified in paragraphs (a)(1)-(a)(3) of 33 CFR part 328.3.
	 Complete Table 8 for the significant nexus determination. Attach a map delineating the SPOE
	watershed boundary with (a)(8) waters identified in the similarly situated analysis Required Includes water(s) that are geographically and physically adjacent per (a)(6), but are being used for established, normal farming, silviculture, and ranching activities (33 USC Section 1344(f)(1)) and therefore are not adjacent and require a case-specific significant nexus determination.

Page 2 of 7 Version: October 1, 2015

C. NON-WATERS OF THE U.S. FINDINGS:
Check all that apply.
The review area is comprised entirely of dry land. Potential-(a)(7) Waters: Waters that DO NOT have a significant nexus to a water identified in paragraphs (a)(1)-
 (a)(3) of 33 CFR part 328.3. Complete Table 9 and attach a map delineating the SPOE watershed boundary with potential
(a)(7) waters identified in the similarly situated analysis Required
Includes water(s) that are geographically and physically adjacent per (a)(6), but are being used for established, normal farming, silviculture, and ranching activities (33 USC Section 1344(f)(1)) and therefore are not adjacent and require a case-specific significant nexus determination.
Potential-(a)(8) Waters: Waters that DO NOT have a significant nexus to a water identified in paragraphs (a)(1)-(a)(3) of 33 CFR part 328.3.
 Complete Table 9 and attach a map delineating the SPOE watershed boundary with potential
(a)(8) waters identified in the similarly situated analysis Required
Includes water(s) that are geographically and physically adjacent per (a)(6), but are being used for established, normal farming, silviculture, and ranching activities (33 USC Section 1344(f)(1)) and therefore are not adjacent and require a case-specific significant nexus determination.
Excluded Waters (Non-Waters of U.S.), even where they otherwise meet the terms of paragraphs (a)(4)-(a)(8):
• Complete Table 10 - Required
(b)(1): Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons designed to meet the requirements of the CWA.
(b)(2): Prior converted cropland.
 (b)(3)(i): Ditches with ephemeral flow that are not a relocated tributary or excavated in a tributary. (b)(3)(ii): Ditches with intermittent flow that are not a relocated tributary, excavated in a tributary, or drain wetlands.
wellands. ☐ (b)(3)(iii): Ditches that do not flow, either directly or through another water, into a water identified in paragraphs (a)(1)-(a)(3).
 □ (b)(4)(i): Artificially irrigated areas that would revert to dry land should application of water to that area cease. □ (b)(4)(ii): Artificial, constructed lakes and ponds created in dry land such as farm and stock watering ponds, irrigation ponds, settling basins, fields flooded for rice growing, log cleaning ponds, or cooling ponds. □ (b)(4)(iii): Artificial reflecting pools or swimming pools created in dry land.¹
(b)(4)(iv): Small ornamental waters created in dry land. ¹
(b)(4)(v): Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to mining or construction activity, including pits excavated for obtaining fill, sand, or gravel that fill with water.
 (b)(4)(vi): Erosional features, including gullies, rills, and other ephemeral features that do not meet the definition of tributary, non-wetland swales, and lawfully constructed grassed waterways.¹ (b)(4)(vii): Puddles.¹
(b)(5): Groundwater, including groundwater drained through subsurface drainage systems. ¹
(b)(6): Stormwater control features constructed to convey, treat, or store stormwater that are created in dry land.1
(b)(7): Wastewater recycling structures created in dry land; detention and retention basins built for wastewater recycling; groundwater recharge basins; percolation ponds built for wastewater recycling; and water
distributary structures built for wastewater recycling. Other non-jurisdictional waters/features within review area that do not meet the definitions in 33 CFR 328.3 of
(a)(1)-(a)(8) waters and are not excluded waters identified in (b)(1)-(b)(7).
• Complete Table 11 - Required.
complete table in tradenam

 $\underline{\mathsf{D.}}\ \mathsf{ADDITIONAL}\ \mathsf{COMMENTS}\ \mathsf{TO}\ \mathsf{SUPPORT}\ \mathsf{AJD} \underline{:}$

Page 3 of 7 Version: October 1, 2015

¹ In many cases these excluded features will not be specifically identified on the AJD form, unless specifically requested. Corps Districts may, in case-by-case instances, choose to identify some or all of these features within the review area.

Page 4 of 7 Version: October 1, 2015

Jurisdictional Waters of the U.S.

Table 1. (a)(1) Traditional Navigable Waters

(a)(1) Waters Name	(a)(1) Criteria	Rationale to Support (a)(1) Designation Include High Tide Line or Ordinary High Water Mark indicators, when applicable.
N/A	Choose an item.	N/A

Table 2. (a)(2) Interstate Waters

(a)(2) Waters Name	Rationale to Support (a)(2) Designation
N/A	N/A

Table 3. (a)(3) Territorial Seas

(a)(3) Waters Name	Rationale to Support (a)(3) Designation	
N/A	N/A	

Table 4. (a)(4) Impoundments

(a)(4) Waters Name	Rationale to Support (a)(4) Designation	
N/A	N/A	
N/A	N/A	

Page 5 of 7 Version: October 1, 2015

Table 5. (a)(5)Tributaries

(a)(5) Waters Name	Flow Regime	(a)(1)-(a)(3) Water Name to which this (a)(5) Tributary Flows	Tributary Breaks	Rationale for (a)(5) Designation and Additional Discussion. Identify flowpath to (a)(1)-(a)(3) water or attach map identifying the flowpath; explain any breaks or flow through excluded/non-jurisdictional features, etc.
N/A	Choose an item.	N/A	Choose an item.	
N/A	Choose an item.	N/A	Choose an item.	N/A
N/A	Choose an item.	N/A	Choose an item.	N/A
N/A	Choose an item.	N/A	Choose an item.	N/A

Table 6. (a)(6) Adjacent Waters

(a)(6) Waters Name	(a)(1)-(a)(5) Water Name to which this Water is Adjacent	Rationale for (a)(6) Designation and Additional Discussion. Identify the type of water and how the limits of jurisdiction were established (e.g., wetland, 87 Manual/Regional Supplement); explain how the 100-year floodplain and/or the distance threshold was determined; whether this water extends beyond a threshold; explain if the water is part of a mosaic, etc.
N/A	N/A	N/A

Page 6 of 7 Version: October 1, 2015

Table 7. (a)(7) Waters

SPOE Name	(a)(7) Waters Name	(a)(1)-(a)(3) Water Name to which this Water has a Significant Nexus	Significant Nexus Determination Identify SPOE watershed; discuss whether any similarly situated waters were present and aggregated for SND; discuss data, provide analysis, and summarize how the waters have more than speculative or insubstantial effect on the physical, chemical, or biological integrity of the (a)(1)-(a)(3) water, etc.
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Table 8. (a)(8) Waters

SPOE Name	(a)(8) Waters Name	(a)(1)-(a)(3) Water Name to which this Water has a Significant Nexus	Significant Nexus Determination Identify SPOE watershed; explain how 100-yr floodplain and/or the distance threshold was determined; discuss whether waters were determined to be similarly situated to subject water and aggregated for SND; discuss data, provide analysis, and then summarize how the waters have more than speculative or insubstantial effect the on the physical, chemical, or biological integrity of the (a)(1)-(a)(3) water, etc.
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Page 7 of 7 Version: October 1, 2015

Non-Jurisdictional Waters

Table 9. Non-Waters/No Significant Nexus

SPOE Name	Non-(a)(7)/(a)(8) Waters Name	(a)(1)-(a)(3) Water Name to which this Water DOES NOT have a Significant Nexus	Basis for Determination that the Functions DO NOT Contribute Significantly to the Chemical, Physical, or Biological Integrity of the (a)(1)-(a)(3) Water. Identify SPOE watershed; explain how 100-yr floodplain and/or the distance threshold was determined; discuss whether waters were determined to be similarly situated to the subject water; discuss data, provide analysis, and summarize how the waters did not have more than a speculative or insubstantial effect on the physical, chemical, or biological integrity of the (a)(1)-(a)(3) water.
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Table 10. Non-Waters/Excluded Waters and Features

Paragraph (b) Excluded Feature/Water Name	Rationale for Paragraph (b) Excluded Feature/Water and Additional Discussion.
N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A

Table 11. Non-Waters/Other

Other Non-Waters of U.S. Feature/Water Name	Rationale for Non-Waters of U.S. Feature/Water and Additional Discussion.
Unidentified Feature	In an email dated October 3, 2018, the applicant provided photographs of a feature on the property and stated that he believed the feature to be a man-made reservoir. The feature photographs is the only feature within the area of review at 67-106 Kealohanui Road that is shown as a wetland in the USFWS National Wetland Inventory (NWI) data layer for Google Earth. The photographs show that the vegetation in the feature is dominated by an unidentified plant that is shorter and a different texture than the vegetation surrounding the feature. The photographs also show the feature at a lower elevation than the surrounding area. The equipment within the feature is evidence of human influence on and/or construction of the feature. While the NWI data layer shows the feature as a wetland, aerial photographs in Google Earth Pro from 2003 to 2014 do not show saturation, ponding, a notable difference in vegetation in the feature from the surrounding area, or any other aerial signatures typical of wetlands. Similarly, the USDA Natural Resource Conservation Service (NRCS) SSURGO data layer for Google Earth shows the soil series mapping unit for the portion of the property including the feature as fill land. Similarly, neither soil series in the mapping unit for the remainder of the property, Mamala cobbly silty clay load, 0 to 12 percent slopes, contains soil horizons

Page 8 of 7 Version: October 1, 2015

that would typically indicate wetland soils. Additionally, the NRCS Web Soil Survey Hydric Rating by Map Unit tool indicates that the portion of the area of review containing the feature has a rating of 0%, Not Hydric. Due to the conflicting results of desktop references, it is unclear whether the feature in the area of review would meet the definition of a wetland.

Even if the feature were determined to be a wetland, the feature does not abuts a jurisdictional water of the U.S. (a(1) to a(5)). The feature is located approximately 1,916 feet southeast of Kiikii Stream, the nearest water of the U.S. (a(5) water), which is greater than the 100-foot and 1,500-foot limits of distance from a water of the U.S. for determining a wetland to be adjacent, therefore the feature does not meet any of the requirements of the definition of an a(6) water.

The feature is not included in one of the five categories of waters in a(7) waters. The feature is located in HUC 200600000102 with the Kiikii Stream as the single point of entry to the Pacific Ocean in the watershed. The majority of wetlands shown in the USFWS NWI maps data layer for GoogleEarth Pro in this HUC are shown as abutting Kiikii Stream or a tributary to the stream. Only one group of features shown as wetlands on the NWI data layer is similarly not directly abutting Kiikii Stream. However, the other group of features is (according to the Google Earth terrain data layer) only three feet above sea level while the feature in the area of review is 20 feet above sea level and, according to the SSURGO data layer, the soils in the other group of features is dominated by a different soil order (Mollisols) than the dominant soil order in the soil series mapping units of the feature in the area of review (fill and Aridisols). The differences in elevation and soil types indicate that the other group of features would not be considered similarly situated to the feature in the area of review. Furthermore, based on aerial photography, soil series mapping units, it is unclear whether the other group of features would meet the definition of a wetland. Since the feature is not similarly situated to other wetlands in HUC 200600000102, the feature does not qualify as an a(8) water and would instead be classified as dry land.

Page 9 of 7 Version: October 1, 2015

